# Waltron LLC AQUALERT<sup>®</sup> DIVISION

# Water Chemistry Measurement & Control



µAI-7045 Portable Copper Analyzer Instruction Manual



# WALTRON LLC'S CUSTOMER COMMITMENT

This instruction manual is a technical guide to aid the customer in the set-up and maintenance of their new Waltron LLC measuring system. Waltron LLC provides continuous product improvement and reserves the right to make any modifications to the information contained herein without notice.

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Technical questions concerning this product should be addressed to:

# **Waltron Technical Service Department**

Whitehouse, New Jersey **Phone**: (800)-242-7353 **Fax**: (908)-534-5546 <u>www.waltron.org</u>

#### Please be ready to provide the following information:

- Date analyzer was purchased.
- Analyzer model and serial number.
- Recent maintenance history.
- Calibration slope values and detailed description of problem.

Waltron's technical expertise and extensive experience provides personalized solutions to the water quality industry. It is Waltron's commitment to provide the customer with timely and accurate technical service and support.

Waltron LLC fully expects the customer to be satisfied with the quality, performance, and cost of this product. If there are any questions or concerns regarding this product, please feel free to contact Waltron LLC at 1-(800)-242-7353.

#### Thank you for choosing Waltron LLC!

#### Please note Waltron LLC's mailing and UPS shipping addresses:

DIRECT ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:

Waltron LLC P.O. Box 70, 50 Tannery Rd. Whitehouse, NJ 08888

#### DIRECT ALL UPS SHIPMENTS TO:

Waltron LLC 50 Tannery Rd. Somerville, NJ 08876 Please observe proper safety and handling precautions when installing, operating, maintaining, and servicing this product. The following should be noted and adhered to:

- $\sqrt{}$  Read and understand manual before working with analyzer.
- $\sqrt{1}$  Pay special attention to warning labels on enclosures, containers, packages and chemicals.
- $\sqrt{}$  Only qualified personnel should be involved in the installation, operation, and servicing of the analyzer.
- $\sqrt{}$  Follow safety precautions when operating analyzer in conditions of high pressure and/or temperature.
- $\sqrt{}$  Keep analyzer chemicals away from heat and extreme temperatures. Reagent powders must be kept dry.
- $\sqrt{}$  Follow all regulations and warning labels when disposing of chemicals. Do not mix chemicals.

To obtain analyzer safety information or *Material Safety Data Sheets* (*MSDS*), please contact Waltron LLC or logon to www.waltron.net .



# Warranty Agreement

If, within one year from the date of shipment, the customer experiences any equipment defects or is not satisfied with the analyzer manufacturing, Waltron LLC will repair, or at its option, replace any defective part(s) free of charge. This warranty requires that the defective part(s) be returned to Waltron LLC in Whitehouse, NJ with shipping charges prepaid.

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 $\sqrt{}$  The Return Authorization (RA) number assigned to the customer by the Waltron Technical

Service Department.

- $\sqrt{}$  Customer name, address and department.
- $\sqrt{}$  Name and telephone number of the individual responsible for returning items for repair.
- $\sqrt{}$  Brief problem description.

#### Ship to Waltron LLC Service Center:

-Via Mail: Waltron LLC P.O. Box 70, 50 Tannery Rd. Whitehouse, NJ 08888

-Via UPS/FED-EX/Motor Carrier: Waltron LLC 50 Tannery Rd. Somerville, NJ 08876 Waltron LLC Warranty Agreement:

- $\sqrt{}$  Covers expendable sensors for one month after shipment and reusable electrodes for six months after shipment.
- $\sqrt{}$  Does not apply to damages occurred during shipping.
- √ Warranty will be nullified if goods have been used for purposes other than those for which they are intended or if any seal has been removed, broken or tampered with or if the Waltron LLC trademark or serial number has be removed, defaced, or altered.
- $\sqrt{}$  Does not cover expendable supply items such as reagents, tubing and electrolytes.
- $\sqrt{}$  Does not cover misuse or mistreatment by the user.
- $\sqrt{}$  Does not cover previous repair or alteration by unauthorized individuals.

# Waltron LLC does not assume responsibility for contingent liability through alleged failure or failures of products or product accessories.

In order to ensure customer satisfaction, Waltron LLC does its best to provide adequate and timely packaging and shipping services. Please perform the following after receiving a shipment:

- $\sqrt{}$  Inspect all shipping containers upon receipt and record any visible damage. If there are any outward signs of damage, please retain all containers and packages for inspection by carrier. Please retain all packing material so that it can be used for future moving and shipping needs.
- $\sqrt{}$  Check all items received against those on the packing list. Chemicals are usually shipped in a separate package and will be itemized accordingly.
- $\sqrt{}$  Verify that the number of packages received agrees with the packing list and shipping papers.
- $\sqrt{}$  Notify both Waltron LLC and the carrier if any problems occur.

# **Important** Notice

- $\sqrt{-}$  All monitors are inspected and tested prior to shipment.
- $\sqrt{1}$  In normal use, the unit should require only minor maintenance and should operate correctly and without fault over a long period of time.
- $\sqrt{}$  Please note that if electronic components need to be replaced, it may be necessary to adjust and/or calibrate the monitor.
- $\sqrt{}$  Failure to carry out correct maintenance procedures may result in inaccurate monitor reading.



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#### 1.1 General Description

The  $\mu$ AI-7045 Copper Analyzer is a microprocessor based colorimetric analyzer. The analyzer is capable of measuring copper levels in demineralization and steam generation plants. The instrument is available in single stream or multi-stream configurations.

The  $\mu$ AI-7045 Copper Analyzer is based on Loop Flow Analysis (LFA), an exclusive and patented technology that has allowed Waltron LLC to make new advances in analytical automation. This exclusive technology and compact design allows for low power usage and reagent consumption. The analyzer is able to precisely measure a wide range of values without compromising accuracy.

#### 1.2 <u>Training</u>

Due to the specialized functions of the Waltron LLC 7045 Copper Analyzer, it is recommended that equipment operators be trained prior to the start-up and operation of the analyzer.

#### 1.3 Physical Overview

To measure the amount of copper in a sample, various reagents are added to the sample to form a chemical complex. This complex is then detected and measured by a colorimeter. These steps take place in the Analytical Compartment.

The Electronic Compartment houses a microprocessor unit that controls all instrument functions.

The Electronic and Analytical Compartments are easily accessed and front door should be closed during operation to prevent wear on internal components.

The front door of the analyzer may be opened to gain access to the optical system, solenoid valves and pump motor.

#### 1.4 Housing Characteristics

The  $\mu$ AI-7045 housing meets IP55 protection requirements. All parts coming into contact with the sample and reagents are chemically inert. The external shape and dimensions provide easy installation in industrial plant or interior monitoring stations. See Technical Specifications section for more information.



#### 2.1 Physical dimensions and space requirements

The schematics below show the physical dimensions of the  $\mu$ AI 7045. The total weight of the analyzer, including reagents, is approximately 30 lbs.

Figure 2.1: Unit Dimensions

#### FRONT VIEW

**TOP VIEW** 



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#### 2.2 hysical dimensions and space requirements





# **2** Installation

#### 2.3 Location

Proper analyzer location is an important factor in ensuring accuracy, reliability, and minimizing maintenance. Take careful note of the following to obtain peak analyzer performance.

- $\sqrt{}$  Place the analyzer in clean, dry, well-ventilated and vibration-free location. Make sure the analyzer is easily accessible. Avoid installing in rooms containing corrosive gases or vapors, e.g. chlorination equipment or chlorine gas cylinders. Use adjacent drains located at ground level to minimize waste line length and utilize maximum fall.
- $\sqrt{}$  The monitor and power supplies should rest in close proximity to the sample point in order to minimize response delays.
- $\sqrt{}$  Maintain ambient room temperature of 5-40°C.
- $\sqrt{}$  Although the analyzer does not require a continuous supply of deionized water, a continuous stream is highly recommended for:
  - 1. Quality Assurance and zero calibration testing.
  - 2. Use as a back-up sample source during outages and out of sample conditions.

#### 2.4 <u>Components and Accessories</u>

Analyzer accessories include:

- $\sqrt{3}$  Reagents containers.
- $\sqrt{}$  Calibration container.
- $\sqrt{}$  DI water container. (NOTE: For analyzers using auto dilution an additional external container may be necessary.)
- $\sqrt{}$  Consumables kit. (Includes 12-micro filters used for monthly analysis.)

#### 2.5 <u>Mounting—Figure 2.1</u>

See *Figure 2.1* for mounting procedure and physical dimensions.

#### 2.6 <u>Sample Requirements</u>

The sample reservoir should be located as close to the monitor as possible. The sample point must also provide a thoroughly mixed representative sample. The sample must conform to the following conditions:

- $\sqrt{}$  Sample temperature should be 5-55°C (41-131 F).
- $\sqrt{}$  Sample particle concentration must be less than 10 mg/l. Particle size must not exceed 60 microns. If particle size does exceed 60 microns, a filter must be fitted in both the sample and emergency inlets.



## **Constant Head Assembly**

#### NOTE:

#### **Constant Head Assembly not used on 7045**

#### 2.7 Sample Connections



Figure 2.3

W = Waste Tube, C = Calibration Standard, S = Sample, S2 = Second sample--used for multistream units, H = Demineralized water





# 2 Installation

#### 2.8 Standard Bottle Connections

- $\sqrt{}$  Clean standard and deionized water bottles with DI water and dry before use.
- $\sqrt{}$  Using the labels on the tubing, insert each tube and straw into their respective containers. Make sure that the straw reaches the bottom of the container.
- $\sqrt{}$  Insert the straw from tubing C into the copper calibrant standard bottle.
  - Uses approximately 200 ml for every calibration cycle (5 tests per 1 liter)
- $\sqrt{}$  Insert the straw from tubing H into DI water
  - ♦ Used for initial start-up, wash, and dilution.

#### 2.9 <u>Reagent Bottle Connections</u>



#### Warning:

- Reagents contain hazardous chemicals and must be handled with great care at all times. Appropriate safety equipment such as rubber gloves, full face protection, and lab coat should be worn while working with reagents.
- Work under a hood and wear rubber gloves and eye protection when working with concentrated ammonia. Sodium Hydroxide 10% is used as cleaning solution.
  - $\sqrt{}$  Clean reagent bottles with DI water and dry before filling with reagents.
  - $\sqrt{}$  Using the labels on the tubing, insert each tube and straw into their respective reagent containers. Make sure that the straw reaches the bottom of the container.
  - $\sqrt{}$  Place reagent bottles on the reagent shelf being sure not to pinch reagent tubes.
  - $\sqrt{}$  Reagent bottles should be cleaned and replaced monthly regardless of final volume, See *Routine Maintenance* for reagent shelf life.

#### A default cycle time of 30 minutes will consume 2 liters of reagent every month

#### Reagent 1 (R1) — Reducing Reagent

- Connected to solenoid valve V1
- ✤ 0.5 ml will be used for every test cycle performed

#### Reagent 2 (R2) — Color Reagent

- Connected to solenoid valve V2
- ✤ 2.5 ml will be used for every test cycle performed

#### Reagent 3 (R3) — Buffer Reagent

- Connected to solenoid valve V3
- ✤ 1.9 ml will be used for every test cycle performed



CAUTION

#### Warning:

- Before making any installation connections, ensure that the power supply, all high voltage-operated control circuits, high common mode voltage and externally powered alarm circuits are turned off.
- The power supply earth (ground) on the power junction box must be connected for safety reasons and to reduce the effects of radio interference

#### 2.10 Electrical Layout

The  $\mu$ AI-7045 is comprised of two electronic parts:

- Power Supply Assembly separate external component supplied with analyzer.
- Micro-Processor Unit electronic compartment of the analyzer.

#### 2.11 User Power Supply- (Figure 2.4)



Figure 2.6 Main Power Terminal



#### 2.11 <u>Microprocessor - (Figure 2.5)</u>

The Microprocessor Unit houses the power input (12VDC), analog input processing, microprocessor, alarm and current output generators, and optional serial interface.





#### 2.12 Electrical Connections:

#### **\*** Main Power Input – Figure 2.6

- 1. Connect power supply cord to main power terminal located on the back of the analyzer.
- 2. Power on the unit by connecting power supply cord to power source.

( SCO

*Note:* The green Sample LED light located on the display will illuminate when the analyzer has been wired correctly and the junction box has been turned on. Remember to turn off the power (verify that the LED on the display is off) while working with the electrical components.

#### Current Outputs

One current output is supplied for single stream operations. Two outputs are supplied for multiparameter operations such as silica/phosphate combination units or dual stream analyzers. The most recent current output value will be recorded and used during the next analysis.

To Install Current Outputs:

- 1. Feed the cable(s) through the holes in the top of the electronic compartment
- 2. Attach the leads to the RFIO board terminal block P8 (1-Negative out, 2-Positive out). These outputs are set at default range of 4-20mA, but are configurable to 0-20mA and 0/5VDC. (See *Figure 2.7* Below)

#### ✤ Alarm/Relay Contacts:

Alarm is able to be monitored and controlled from a remote location. An alarm may be used to indicate:

- 1. Busy—Analyzer is in operation
- 2. Dilution Method
- 3. High Concentration Alarm
- 4. Calibration Error
- 5. Error—(Analyzer is out of sample or out of service)

The following diagram shows the installation of alarm relays and contacts. Refer to *Figure 2.7* for corresponding positions on the RFIO board terminal strip.



D	C
Description	Color
4-20 mA Method 0	Yellow
4-20 mA Method 1	Pink
GD 4-20 mA	Grey/Brown
K1 COM Busy	Yellow /Brown
K1 N.O. Busy	Yellow /White
K2 COM Error	White /PINK
K2 N.C. Error	Violet
K3 COM Dilution Method 0	Red/Blue
K3 N.O. Dilution Method 0	Red
K4 COM Dilution Method 1	White
K4 N.O. Dilution Method 1	White /Grey
K5 COM High Limit Method 0	Brown
K5 N.O. High Limit Method 0	Brown /Green
K6 COM High Limit Method 1	White / Green
K6 N.O. High Limit Method 1	White /Blue
K7 TO GD Cal Error 0	Black
K8 TO GD Cal Error 1	Grey
In Sample	Blue
In Cal	Green



# 2 Installation

#### *Figure 2.7*



Power Connector to back of unit



# 3 Liquid Handling Section-Analytical Compartment

#### 3.1 <u>Principle of Operation</u>

Using the features patented under Loop Flow Analysis, the analyzer is able to measure and interpret the amount of copper contained in a sample stream.

After the reducing and buffer reagents are added to the sample the mixture is reduced by adding the third color reagent. The analyzer then reads and records the optical density which is used to determine the amount of copper.

Chemical reaction sequence:

- 1. An ammonium chloride compound is added to the sample.
- 2. While controlling temperature, the solution is put in closed loop where mixing occurs and chemical complex is developed.
- 3. Reagent buffer is added to buffer pH and prepare mixture for next process.
- 4. Third reagent is added to reduce the solution and form the final complex. The optical density is read and converted into a copper measurement.
- 5. The optical density of the mixed sample is measured continuously during the entire procedure so that a true zero calibration can be performed for every cycle. The optical density can be viewed during the entire process on the display graph. A secondary calibration is achieved by automatically introducing a standard solution of known value.

#### 3.2 General Operation Figure 3.1 and 3.2

- Sample enters constant head unit situated in the bottom of the analytical compartment behind the hydraulic panel. The constant head unit is fitted with an out of sample switch that, when activated, relays an alarm and puts the analyzer in standby mode.
- For Multi-Stream Analyzers, each sample inlet is fed into a separate constant head unit complete with float, S-tube and alarm.
- The sample is taken from the constant head and S tube and flows into the Loop Flow Reactor. The sample is fed to solenoid VC4.

#### Steps in the LFR:

- 1. Sample is taken from sample stream and introduced into analyzer. Sample blank measurement and colorimeter zeroing.
- 2. Reagent injection in chemical reaction sequence.
- 3. Sample and reagent mixing.
- 4. Heating (optional).
- 5. Optical density measurement using a double beam colorimeter.
- 6. Automatic sample dilution in case of full-scale reading.
- 7. End point measurement stored in non volatile RAM for remote and local readings.
- 8. Concentration value calculation based on the correlation with internal calibration factor.

#### Components in the LFR (*Figures 3.1, 3.2*):

- 1. The analytical reactor is made up of three interconnected pieces (mechanical, hydraulics, optical). Together these parts make up the LOOP FLOW REACTOR (LFR).
- 2. In the case of exceedingly high copper concentrations, the analyzer is still able to perform an analysis by automatically diluting the sample.
- Status (open or closed) of valve Vs/l determines if LFR is operating in SAMPLE or LOOP mode. Valve V11(VDil) is activated when a sample dilution is needed.
- 4. Reagent solenoid valves control the injection of the reagents in the LFR. The pressure change in cylinder C1 mixes reagents and sample.
- 5. Valve V6, when activated, interrupts the LFR by producing a vacuum inside C1. This vacuum produces the negative pressure needed for reagent introduction.
- 6. Pump P is a single tube peristaltic pump that can be activated in direct or reverse mode.
- 7. Status (open or closed) of valves V8 and VC4 determine if sample, diluent or calibrant is flowing.
- 8. Cylinder C2 holds sample transferred from C1 during the reverse pump/vacuum production process.



#### Figure 3.1 — Analytical Compartment (Front View):

µAI-7045



# 3 Liquid Handling Section-Analytical Compartment





## 4 Display Operation

#### 4.1 Display Panel Controls

The analyzer is controlled and programmed using the keys on the display panel. When pressed, the keys activate tactile switches below the display. In the following section (Programming), a step by step procedure is given on how to program the settings and parameters of the analyzer.

Display Key Functions (See *Figure 4.1*):







#### Figure 4.1: Panel Display Keypad

#### **Status Indication:**

During operation, analyzer status is indicated on display. Current status is displayed directly below date and time readout on display screen. Each indicator and its significance are listed below:

- Pump-Direct: Indicates pump motor is operating in direct mode.
  - Pump-Reverse: Indicates pump motor is operating in reverse mode.
  - Sample: Indicates when sampling valves are activated and/or when power is supplied to analyzer.
  - Loop: Indicates when program is in loop.
  - V1, V2...V11: Indicates when valves used for vacuum production, mixing, dilution and sampling are active.

- Temp. ON: Indicates when heater is on to control sample temperature.
- Low Battery: Indicates when 3.8VDC battery is low.
- Busy: Indicates when analyzer is in busy or standby mode.
- Mixing: Indicates that reagents and sample are being mixed in C1.
- Reaction: Indicates that mixing is complete and final optical density is being determined.







#### (Continued from previous) Main Menu Results **Display Results** Delete Buffer Parameters Continue Active Method Exit/Default Measuring Units Save From Cycles Editor ONLY FOR TECH. ENG. (Password Calibration Parameters Required) Calibrant Concentration Calibrant OD Blank OD Update Last Cal OD Exit Parameter Setting Full Scale Dilution Max % Cal. Variable OD Graph F.S. High Limit Concent. T Mant HT1 Heater Setting T Set HT1 T SetTime HT1 T Mant HT2 Other Parameters Filter OD AIR Continued on next page







#### 5.2 Main Display Page

While in operation, the panel display output can be changed to show:

- 1. Display Concentration, Status, OD and Temp Values
  - 2. Optical Density Graph (OD Graph)

2 000		
	1 459	os TOFF
	0	dad
	SRAPH	



STAI	ND 1	BY
11/12/03 15:06	<b>ODR</b> TMP	1 <b>1e-05</b> 1 <b>499</b> TOFF
CONC G	RAPH	10
0.20 T		
+		
Ť		
0		

#### a. Display Concentration

- ✓ Displays sample concentration of the last cycle.
- ✓ Displays analysis method. (Cu' first steam, Cu'' – second stream.)
- ✓ Displays units and time.
- ✓ Shows updated values for both streams at the same time.

#### b. Optical Density Graph

- ✓ Displays OD graph in real time. Scale can be set in parameters settings
- ✓ Displays analysis method.
- ✓ Displays OD value in real time.

#### {Advance to the Graph page}

#### b. Status/OD-Temp Values

- ✓ Indicator icon shows the status of the monitor. (Play symbol = analysis running. Pause symbol = analyzer in standby.)
- Displays OD, temperature and time for diagnostic troubleshooting.
- ✓ "Missing Sample" and then "Monitor Minutes" is displayed if sample is missing.
- ✓ Displays concentration once the final optical density has been taken.
- ✓ "Monitor Minutes" is displayed to indicate countdown time until next sampling.



#### 5.3 **Operating Page:** Start Analysis

ll st		BY	
11/12/ 15:0	B3 ODR B TMP	1:1e-( 1:499	95 TOFF
STAND	BY		
CONC	GRAPH		
OFF	-	2	(ppb)
0	-01		
<u>ו</u>			

STA	ND BY
10/31/03 18:07 STAND BY	ODR 1: 1e-05 TMP 1: 499 TOFF
MAIN MENU	
<pre><stop> RESULTS PARAMETEI GENERAL EXIT</stop></pre>	RS SETTINGS

Press [F] to access Operation page. Select Operation using the up/down arrows and press [Enter].



Use Start Analysis command to begin a single analysis cycle. After the one cycle is complete the monitor will enter Standby status. For Multi-Parameter analyzers, user must select analysis method and press [Enter].

Display concentration page is displayed when analyzer enters analysis cycle.

STA	ND BY
11/12/03	ODR 1:1e-05 TMP 1:499 TOFF
STAND BY	
OPERATION	4
START AN	ALYSIS
START MO	NITOR
CALIBRAT	ION
REAGENTS	BLANK
WASH	Second second
DILUTION	8
PRIME	
SEQ5	





#### 5.4 **Operating Page:** Start Monitor

11/12/ 15:0	03 ODR 0 TMP	1 499	DS TOFF
STAND	BY		
CONC	GRAPH	F)	
OFF	-	2	detet
$\mathbf{O}$			
<u>v</u> .	V.	¥	

STAI	ND BY
10/31/03 18:07 STAND BY	ODR 1:10-05 TMP 1:499 TOFF
MAIN MENU	
CSTOP> RESULTS PARAMETER GENERAL S EXIT	RS SETTINGS

STAND BY
11/12/03 ODR 1:10-05 16:21 TMP 1:499 TOFF
OPERATION
START MONITOR
REAGENTS BLANK WASH
DILUTION PRIME SE05

To access Start Monitor page, press [F], select Operation, press [Enter], and select Start Monitor. The analyzer can then be set to monitor sample at user-specified intervals. **The start monitor mode is used for normal and continuous sample analysis.** 

*Note:* A cycle must be finished or stopped before changing parameters or beginning a new cycle.

*Note:* The analyzer automatically stores the last command selected. Use the up and down arrow to access and change menu options.

Once Start Monitor is selected the analyzer will continually monitor the selected parameter(s) based on the user-defined frequencies and intervals. If the multiple parameter (MP) setting is selected, the analyzer will continuously monitor each parameter one at a time. (See next section for setting up Start Monitor parameters)

Once Start Monitor is activated, the main display page will be displayed. See *Section 5.1* for display options.

#### 5.5 Operating Page: Start Monitor Setup



#### 5 Operating Luge. Start Monitor Sett



To change Start Monitor settings, press [F], select Parameters, select Start Monitor, select desired parameter and press [Enter].

Enter sampling frequency. **Changing the sampling frequency will directly affect the amount reagent consumed.** Default Sample Frequency is 15 minutes; at default frequency reagents will last one month.

After the Sample Frequency parameter is selected, use the numeric keypad to enter desired frequency value. Press [Enter] to store the value.

The Auto Prime parameter is used to flush out and update reagent in reagent tubing by automatically initiating a prime cycle. Automatic prime is performed after analyzer has been left is Stand By mode for a user-specified number of days. To initiate an automatic prime, highlight Auto Prime and set up parameters.

The Cal Type parameter specifies what type of calibration (standard calibration, blank, MP) is performed during automatic calibration. **Cal. Type should always be set at "Cal".** 

To change Calibration Frequency, select Parameter and use the numeric keypad to enter desired value. A default calibration frequency of 7 days is recommended and will consume 1 L of standard per month.

✓ If 0 is entered, the analyzer will perform multiple daily calibrations.

To set time-specific daily calibration, enter the desired time in Calibration Hours (0-23).

- ✓ For multiple daily calibrations: Enter first calibration time in Calibration Hours 1, second calibration time in Calibration Hours 2 and so on.
- ✓ Entering 24 will disable time-specific calibration.



#### 5.6 **Operating Page:** Calibration Page

STAND BY
10/31/03 OBR 1:1e-05 18:07 TMP 1:499 TOFF STAND BY
MAIN MENU
(STOP) RESULTS
PARAMETERS GENERAL SETTINGS EXIT

STAND BY		
11/13/03	ODR 1 5e-05 TMP 1 499 TOFF	
STAND BY		
OPERATION		
START AND START MOI CALIBRAT REAGENTS WASH DILUTION PRIME	ALYSIS NITOR ION BLANK	

STAI	ND B	<b>2</b> 0	
11/12/03 15:06	ODR TMP	1 499	95 TOFF
STAND BY			
CONC G	RAPH		
	J		



*Note:* Before beginning a calibration, the er must:

- ✓ Set calibration parameters in the Parameters section. (Failure to set parameters may result in a failed calibration.)
- ✓ Check calibration standard to ensure adequate amount of solution (>250ml). Make sure standard bottle is connected to calibration (C) tube.

To access Calibration page, press [F], select Operation, press [Enter], and select Calibration. For Multi-Parameter users, the method selection page will be displayed. Select desired calibration parameter (Cu', Cu'') and press [Enter]. MP calibration indicates that all active methods will be calibrated.

Calibration is successful if "CAL OD: ####" is displayed. If analyzer does not pass calibration, "Calibration Fail" will be displayed. A successful CAL OD for a 50ppb copper standard should be in the range 0.035-0.075.

*Note:* During a sample or calibration cycle the optical density graph should:

- ✓ Approach zero as the "zeroing of the colorimeter" is performed.
- Climb steadily and plateau after all reagents have been injected and the copper complex has formed.



#### 5.7 Operating Page: Reagents Blank

STAND BY		
10/31/03 18:07 STAND BY	ODR 1:18-05 TMP 1:499 TOFF	
MAIN MEN	N	
<pre><stop> RESULTS PARAMETE GENERAL EXIT</stop></pre>	RS SETTINGS	

STAND BY
11/13/03 ODR 1:1e-05 14:42 TMP 1:499 TOFF
STAND BY
OPERATION
START ANALYSIS START MONITOR CALIBRATION REAGENTS BLANK. WASH
DILUTION
SE05



Note: Before beginning a Reagent Blank, the user must: ✓ Perform a reagent Prime and Wash. (Only

- Perform a reagent Prime and Wash. (Only necessary if the reagents have been changed.)
- Place the H-Tube in deionized (silica-free) water.

To access Reagents Blank page, press [F], select Operation, press [Enter], and select Reagents Blank. A reagent blank will then be performed by measuring the optical density of the copper contained in the reagents and de-ionized water.

A reagent blank should be performed every time reagents are changed. After changing reagents, the new optical density value should not differ from the old one by more than 30%. Old and new OD values can be compared by viewing the last blank OD displayed in the Calibration Parameters Page. For Multi-Parameter users, the method selection page will be displayed. Select desired reagent blank parameter (Cu', Cu'') and press [Enter]. MP blank indicates that all active methods will be blanked.

Once a Reagent Blank cycle has been initiated, the main display page will be displayed.



Approach zero and plateau as the blank reading is taken.



#### 5.8 Operating Page: Wash

STAND BY
10/31/03 ODR 1:10-05 18:07 TMP 1:499 TOFF
STAND BY
MAIN MENU
KSTOP>
RESULTS
GENERAL SETTINGS
EXIT
STAND BY
11/13/03 ODR 1:1e-05 15:17 TMP 1:499 TOFF
STAND BY
OPERATION
START AMALYSIS START MONITOR
CALIBRATION
WASH
BILUTION
SEQS
STAND BY
11/12/03 ODR 1:1e-05 15:06 TMP 1:499 TOFF
STAND BY
CONC GRAPH
0

Note: Before beginning a Wash cycle, the user must:
✓ Connect H-Tube to deionized water source or cleaning solution.

To access Wash page, press [F], select Operation, select Wash, and press [Enter].

During the wash cycle, the analyzer draws deionized water in through the H-tube and flushes the LFR (Loop Flow Reactor). A wash cycle can be used to:

- ✓ Clean the analyzer with cleaning solution.
- ✓ Flush out contaminated sample and prepare for a calibration or reagent blank.

Once a Wash Cycle has been initiated, a wash display page will be displayed until cycle is completed.

The Wash cycle will rinse and fill the LFR with deionized water.

All main display pages are accessible during Wash cycle.



#### 5.9 **Operating Page: Dilution**

STAND BY           10/31/03         ODR 1:1e-05           18:07         TMP 1:499           STAND BY           MAIN MENU           OPERATION <stop>           RESULTS</stop>
GENERAL SETTINGS EXIT
STAND BY 11/13/03 ODR 1:1e-05 15:25 TMP 1:499 TOFF STOND BY
OPERATION
START ANALYSIS START MONITOR CALIBRATION REAGENTS BLANK
BILUTION PRIME

II STA	IND BY
11/12/00 15:06	3 ODR 1:1e-05 TMP 1:499 TOFF
STAND B	20 S
CONC 1	GRAPH
- - -	

Note: Before beginning a Dilution cycle, the user must:

- ✓ Connect H-Tube to deionized water source
- ✓ Setup Dilution Factor (See Startup Section)

To access Dilution page, press [F], select Operation, select Dilution, and press [Enter].

The analyzers auto-dilution feature is used to measure high copper sample concentrations. The analyzer automatically recognizes exceedingly high concentration levels and performs a dilution process by adding deionized water to the sample. This process ensures that the analyzer is capable of operating correctly at both high and low copper concentrations.



#### **Dilution cycle sequence of events:**

- Sample (high copper concentration) is aspirated through dilution loop. Sample is isolated and held in dilution loop tubing.
- ✓ Deionized water is used to flush high concentrate sample out of LFR system.
- ✓ Deionized water fills LFR and the sample from dilution loop is mixed and diluted.
- ✓ Optical density of diluted sample is taken and dilution factor is used to yield a final concentration value.



#### 5.10 Operating Page: Prime

STAND BY	
10/31/03 ODR 1:1e-05 18:07 TMP 1:499 TOFF	
STAND BY	
MAIN MENU	
OPERATION	
KSTOP>	
RESULTS	
CENEDAL CETTALCO	
EXIT	
Litt	

STAND BY
11/13/03 ODR 1:1e-05 16:14 TMP 1:499 TOFF
STAND BY
OPERATION
START ANALYSIS
START MONITOR
CALIBRATION
REAGENTS BLANK
WASH
DILUTION
PRIME
SEQS

STAND BY			
11/12/03 15:06	ODR TMP	1:18	-05 9 TOFF
STAND BY			
CONC G	RAPH		
0.20			

Note: Before beginning a prime cycle, the user must:  $\checkmark$  Connect all reagents to their respective

- ✓ Connect all reagents to their respective containers.
- ✓ Connect sample stream and deionized water (Htube) to analyzer.

To access Prime page, press [F], select Operation, select Prime, and press [Enter].

During the Prime cycle, sample or deionized water is aspirated into the LFR where vacuum production occurs and reagents are injected. This procedure updates reagent lines and purges air out of reagent injection system. The analyzer is now ready for reagent blank and calibration.

## Customization Cycle (Seq. 5)

To access Customization page Seq. 5 press [F], select Operation and scroll down. These functions are used for troubleshooting and specialized programming customizations such as cycle editing. Only qualified Waltron LLC representatives should access and edit customization pages.



#### 5.11 **Operating Page:** Grab Sample

STAND BY 10/31/03 ODR 1:19-05 18:07 TMP 1:499 TOFF STAND BY MAIN MENU OPERATION (STOP) RESULTS PARAMETERS GENERAL SETTINGS EXIT
STAND BY 11/21/03 ODR 1:10-05 11:04 TMP 2:499 TOFF STAND BY OPERATION REAGENTS BLANK WASH DILUTION PRIME SEQ5 GRAB SAMPLE SOLENOYDS TEST REAG REPLACE SEQ
STAND BY           11/12/03 OBR 1:1e-05           15'06 TMP 1:499 TOFF           STAND BY           CONC GRAPH           0.20



- ✓ Connect all reagents to their respective containers.
- Remove calibration tubing (C) from calibration solution and place calibration tubing (C) in container containing grab sample.

To access Grab Sample page, press [F], select Operation, select Grab Sample, and press [Enter].

Grab Sample cycle can be used as a QA/QC check. Once analyzer begins Grab Sample, the concentration page is displayed.



*Note:* During a grab sample cycle the optical density graph should:

- ✓ Approach zero as the "zeroing of the colorimeter" is performed.
- Climb steadily and plateau after all reagents have been injected and the copper complex has formed.



#### 5.12 **Operating Page:** Solenoid Test

STAND BY	
10/31/03 18:07 STAND BY	ODR 1: 19-05 TMP 1: 499 TOFF
MAIN MENU	
OPERATIO <stop> RESULTS PARAMETEL GENERAL EXIT</stop>	N RS BETTINGS

STAND BY
11/21/03 ODR 1:1e-05 11:18 TMP 2:499 TOFF
STAND BY
OPERATION
REAGENTS BLANK
WASH
DILUTION
PRIME
SEQ5
GRAB SAMPLE
SOLENOYDS TIEST
REAG REPLACE SEQ

11/12/	03 ODR 1	-1e-0	15
15:0	O TMP 1	499	TOFF
STAND	BY		
CONC	GRAPH		
OFF			ppb
0	00		
U.			
1000			i

To access Solenoid Test page, press [F], select Operation, select Solenoid Test, and press [Enter].

Solenoid Test cycle activates all solenoids individually in sequence. User must manually check to make sure each solenoid activates correctly. Reagent solenoids (V1, V2, V3, V4, V5) can be checked by listening to "click" sound during activation. Flow direction control solenoids (white square solenoids) have a white pin in front that switches position when valve is activated.





#### 5.13 **Operating Page: Reagent Replacement**

STAND BY
10/31/03 ODR 1:18-05 18:07 TMP 1:499 TOFF
STAND BY
MAIN MENU
OPERATION
RESULTS
PARAMETERS
EXIT
STAND BY
STAND BY 11/21/03 ODR 1:10-05 11/25 TMP 2:499 TOFF
<b>STAND BY</b> 11/21/03 ODR 1:1e-05 11:25 TMP 2:499 TOFF STAND BY
STAND BY 11/21/03 ODR 1:1e-05 11:25 TMP 2:499 TOFF STAND BY OPERATION
STAND BY 11/21/03 ODR 1:1e-05 11:25 TMP 2:499 TOFF STAND BY OPERATION REAGENTS BLANK
STAND BY 11/21/03 ODR 1:10-05 11:25 TMP 2:499 TOFF STAND BY OPERATION REAGENTS BLANK WASH
STAND BY 11/21/03 ODR 1:1e-05 11:25 TMP 2:499 TOFF STAND BY OPERATION REAGENTS BLANK WASH DILUTION PRIME
STAND BY 11/21/03 ODR 1:19-05 11:25 TMP 2:499 TOFF STAND BY OPERATION REAGENTS BLANK WASH DILUTION PRIME SEQ5
STAND BY 11/21/03 ODR 1:19-05 11:25 TMP 2:499 TOFF STAND BY OPERATION REAGENTS BLANK WASH DILUTION PRIME SEQ5 GRAB SAMPLE
STAND BY 11/21/03 ODR 1:10-05 11:25 TMP 2:499 TOFF STAND BY OPERATION REAGENTS BLANK WASH DILUTION PRIME SEQ5 GRAB SAMPLE SOLENOYDS TEST DECO PERIOCE SEQ

STA	ND BY
11/12/03	OBR 1: 1e-05 TMP 1: 499 TOFF
STAND BY	
CONC G	RAPH
OFF	dqq
$\cap$	$\cap \cap$
<b>U</b> . 1	



- ✓ Connect all reagents to their respective containers.
- ✓ Connect H-Tube to deionized water source.
- ✓ Connect S-Tube to sample stream through constant head unit.
- ✓ Set calibration parameters in the Parameters section. (Failure to set parameters may result in a failed calibration.)
- ✓ Check calibration standard to ensure adequate amount of solution (>250ml). Make sure standard bottle is connected to C-tube.

To access Reagent Replacement page, press [F], select Operation, select Reagent Replacement, and press [Enter].

The Reagent Replacement cycle will run the following in sequence:

- Wash
- Prime
- Calibration

Calibration is successful if "CAL OD: Value" is displayed. If analyzer does not pass calibration, "Calibration Fail" will be displayed.



#### 5.14 **Operating Page: Results Page**

STAND BY
11/13/03 ODR 1:1e-05 16:29 TMP 1:499 TOFF
STAND BY
MAIN MENU
OPERATION <stop></stop>
RESULTS
PARAMETERS
GENERAL SETTINGS
EXIT

	D B	e	
11/13/03 16:32 STAND BY	ODR 1 TMP 1	1e-0 499	IS TOFF
RESULTS DISPLAY R DELETE BL GOTO POSI SAVE FROM	ESULT IFFER TION	<u>s</u>	

To access Results page, press [F], select Results, and press [Enter].

Access Display Results to view analysis results stored in analyzer memory. Use Up/Down arrows to scroll through result buffers (0-400).

The Display Results page (located in Results menu) is used for:

- ✓ Viewing stored data information for last 400 readings.
- ✓ Displaying all calibrations and blanks performed within the 400 readings.
- Troubleshooting diagnostic information such as locating exact time and cycle an error occurred.

#### Important Analysis and Diagnostic Information Contained within Results Buffer Memory:

- Indicates method performed
- ✤ Indicates date & time reading was taken
- Indicates cycle number stored in the circular buffer memory.
- Indicates concentration value calculated from zeroing, blank, and calibration.
- Indicates starting optical density and ending optical density. (Useful in troubleshooting.)

Use the GoTo command to jump to specific buffer location.

To delete buffer memory, select Delete Buffer Memory on Results page, and press Continue. Use the Save From command to select the starting buffer memory location.



#### 5.15 <u>Parameter Pages: Basic Set-up</u>

STAND BY
11/13/03 ODR 1:10-05 17:03 TMP 1:499 TOFF STAND BY
OPERATION (STOP> RESULTS PARAMETERS GENERAL SETTINGS EXIT
STAND BY
11/13/03 ODR 1 18-05 17:08 TMP 1 499 TOFF STAND BY
PARAMETERS ACTIVE METHOD SIO2 MEASURING UNITS INPO
CALIBRATION PARAM. PARAMETERS SETTING HEATER SETTING OTHER PARAMETERS
STAND BY         11/13/03 ODR 1 499 TOFF         18:03 TMP 1 499 TOFF         STAND BY         PARAMETERS         ACTIVE METHOD         MEASURING UNITS         MEASURING UNITS         CYCLES EDITOR         CALIBRATION PARAM.         PARAMETERS SETTING         HEATER SETTING         OTHER PARAMETERS
STAND BY         11/13/03 ODR 1: 19-05         16:03 TMP 1: 499 TOFF         STAND BY         PARAMETERS         ACTIVE METHOD         SIO2         MEASURING UNITS         PARAMETERS         ACTIVE METHOD         SIO2         MEASURING UNITS         PARAMETERS         CYCLES EDITOR         CALIBRATION PARAM.         PARAMETERS SETTING         HEARER SETTING         OTHER PARAMETERS
STAND BY         11/13/03 ODR 1:19-05         18:03 TMP 1:499 TOFF         STAND BY         PARAMETERS         ACTIVE METHOD         ACTIVE METHOD         SI02         MEASURING UNITS         PPB         CYCLES EDITOR         CALIBRATION PARAM.         PARAMETERS SETTING         HEATER SETTING         OTHER PARAMETERS         II/14/03 ODR 1:10:24         I0:24 TMP 1:499 TOFF         STAND BY         PARAMETERS
STAND BY         11/13/03 ODR 1:19-05         18:03 TMP 1:499 TOFF         STAND BY         PARAMETERS         ACTIVE METHOD         ACTIVE METHOD         SI02         MEASURING UNITS         PARAMETERS         ACTIVE METHOD         CYCLES EDITOR         CALIBRATION PARAM.         PARAMETERS SETTING         HEATER SETTING         OTHER PARAMETERS         US         STAND BY         11/14/03 ODR 1:19-05         10:24 TMP 1:499 TOFF         STAND BY         PARAMETERS         ACTIVE METHOD         OFF         STAND BY         PARAMETERS         ACTIVE METHOD         OFF         STAND BY         PARAMETERS         CYCLES EDITOR         CYCLES EDITOR         OFF         STAND BY

To access Parameters page, press [F], select Parameters, and press [Enter].

The parameter setup options:

- ✓ Measuring Units
- ✓ Cycles Editor

Calibration parameters setup options:

- ✓ Monitor Parameters (Parameter Settings)
- ✓ Heater Parameters
- ✓ Other Parameters

To change or edit parameters specific to analysis method, user must first select desired method (Cu', Cu'') and then change parameters individually.

> ✓ Press ENTER to edit parameter setting.
>  ✓ Press DOWN ARROW or UP ARROW to advance to the next parameter.

Available measuring units:

- ✓ mg/l
- ✓ ppb
- ✓ g/l
- ✓ ppm

**Only Qualified Waltron Representative will be able make changes to cycles editor parameters.** An access code is required to make changes to cycles editor.



#### 5.16 Parameter Pages: Calibration Parameters

STAND BY
11/13/03 ODR 1:1e-05 17:03 TMP 1:499 TOFF
STAND BY
MAIN MENU
OPERATION (STOP) RESULTS PARAMETERS GENERAL SETTINGS
EXIT

STAI	ND BY	
11/14/03 10:52	TMP 1 4	99 TOFF
STAND BY		
PARAMETER	25	
ACTIVE ME MEASURING CYCLES EL CALIBRAT PARAMETER HEATER SE OTHER PAR	ETHOD I UNITS DITOR ION PARAM RS SETTIN ETTING RAMETERS	OFF pob G

STAI	ND BY	
11/14/03 10:57	ODR 1:1 TMP 1:4	199 TOFF
STAND BY		
CALIBRAT	ION PARA	M. EOFFD
CALIBRAN'	T CONC.	100.00
CAL IBRAN	r od	0.100
BLANK OD	244	0.0100
LAST CAL	OD	0.1000

To access Calibration Parameters page, press [F], select Parameters, select Calibration Parameters and press [Enter].

Calibration parameters need to be set before attempting a calibration. Before setting calibration parameters the user must:

- ✓ Establish approximate measuring range for parameter and sample measurements.
- ✓ Have fresh standard and reagents ready for calibration.
- ✓ Perform all necessary monthly maintenance procedures.
- ✓ Press **ENTER** to edit the parameter

✓ Press DOWN ARROW or UP ARROW to advance to the next parameter.

Calibration concentration is the concentration value of the calibrating standard. *Make sure calibration concentration and standard measuring units are the same.* 

Calibrant OD and Blank OD are the optical density values used in measuring sample concentration. Any changes made to OD values will directly affect sample readings. The Last Cal OD value should be very close to the Calibrant OD, unless the last calibration attempt failed. If the two do not match, the Last Cal OD can be entered manually by selecting it, pressing [Enter], entering OD value and pressing [Enter].



#### 5.17 Parameter Pages: Parameters Setting

STAND BY
11/13/03 ODR 1:1e-05 17:03 TMP 1:499 TOFF
STAND BY
MAIN MENU
OPERATION
RESULTS
PARAMETERS
GENERAL SETTINGS
EXIT
STAND BY
11/14/03 ODR 1:1e-05 11:07 TMP 1:499 TOFF
STAND BY
PARAMETERS
ACTIVE METHOD OFF
CYCLES EDITOR
CALIBRATION PARAM.
PARAMETERS SETTING
OTHER PARAMETERS
-
STAND BY
12/19 05 008 1 18-05
CTAND BY
DODOMETERS SETTING CODES
FULL COOLE (Second Prop. co
FULL SCHER (SSORG) / FOR DO
DILUTION FACTOR 1.00
MAX & CAL, DAR, 39
OD GRAPH F.S. D.50
OB GRAPH SEC. 1
HIRE LIGHT COME DORIDO

To access Parameters Setting page, press [F], select Parameters, select Parameter Settings and press [Enter].

- ✓ Press **ENTER** to edit parameter.
- ✓ Press DOWN ARROW or UP ARROW to advance to the next parameter.

#### Parameters Descriptions:

#### 1) Full Scale (Conc.)

- a) Sets normal analysis measuring range.
- b) Analyzer will perform auto dilution (if enabled) for values exceeding set value.
- 2) Full Scale (DAC)
  - a) Value sets current output scale and range. (For 200ppb: 4mA current output at 0ppb and 20mA current output at 200ppb.)
- 3) Dilution Factor:
  - a) Value is calculated after dilution calibration; it is the multiplier during dilution cycle.
  - b) A 40cm dilution tube will have a Dilution Factor between 9 and 13.

#### 4) Max % Cal. Var.

a) Maximum % error the analyzer will accept during calibration cycle. Error Cal Alarm will be active until successful calibration.

#### 5) OD Graph F.S.

a) Time scale ( in seconds) used for optical density display graph

#### 6) OD Graph

a) Graph interval setting in seconds.

#### 7) High Limit Conc.

a) Alarm will sound if limit is exceeded.



#### 5.18 Parameters Pages: Heater Setting & Other Parameters

STAND BY
11/13/03 ODR 1: 10-05 17:03 TMP 1: 499 TOFF STAND BY MAIN MENU
OPERATION (STOP) RESULTS PARAMETERS GENERAL SETTINGS
EXIT
STAND BY           11/14/03 ODR 1:10-05           11:25 TMP 1:499 TOFF           STAND BY
STHND BY       PARAMETERS       ACTIVE METHOD       MEASURING UNITS       PPb       CYCLES EDITOR       CALIBRATION PARAM.       PARAMETERS SETTING       HEATER SETTING       OTHER PARAMETERS
STAND BY           11/14/03 ODR 1: 1e-05           11:27 TMP 1: 499 TOFF           STAND BY           HEATER SETTING EOFF J           T MANT HT1           30           T SET HT1           50           T SET TIME HT1           30           T MANT HT2
STAND BY           11/14/03 ODR 1:10-05           11:34 TMP 1:499 TOFF           STAND BY
ACTIVE METHOD OFF MEASURING UNITS PPB CYCLES EDITOR CALIBRATION PARAM. PARAMETERS SETTING HEATER SETTING OTHER PARAMETERS

To access Heater Setting and Other Parameters pages, press [F], select Parameters, select Heater Settings or Other Parameters and press [Enter].

Heater Setting and Other Parameters pages are programmed for general use and require no adjustments. Descriptions of Heater Settings and Other Parameters are given below in case operating conditions require adjustments. **NOTE: Heater NOT required for copper analysis.** 

#### Heater Setting parameters:

#### 1) T MANT HT1

- Maintains temperature in heating block. Default = 37 deg C.
- 2) T Set HT1
  - Sets temperature in heating block. Default = 37 deg C.
- 3) T SETIME HT1
  - Sets time for working temperature. Default = 50 seconds.
- 4) T MANT HT2
  - Maintains temperature in heating block 2. (Not available on this 7045 version.)

#### **Other Parameters:**

#### 1) Filter

- Filters analysis readings; used for averaging.
- Default = 10 provides faster response times and greater sensitivity.
- 2) OD Air
  - Value used to activate Air In Cell alarm. Activates due to high OD reading from air in cell. Protective alarm used to relay loss of sample. Default = 1.



#### 5.19 <u>General Settings:</u>

STAND BY 10/31/03 ODR 1:10-05 10:07 TMP 1:499 TOFF STAND BY MAIN MENU OPERATION <stop> RESULTS PARAMETERS GENERAL SETTINGS EXIT</stop>
STAND BY         11/14/03 ODR 1: 10-05         11:40 TMP 1: 499 TOFF         STAND BY         MAIN MENU         OPERATION <stop>         RESULTS         PARAMETERS         GENERAL SETTINGS         EXIT</stop>
STAND BY         11/14/03 ODR 1: 10-05         11:43 TMP 1: 499 TOFF         STAND BY         GENERAL SETTINGS         ACTIVE METHODS         LANGUAGE         TIME AND DATE         DISPLAY ADJ.         ANIMATION         PRINTER         DATA LOGGER         HARD, SETTINGS

To access General Settings page, press [F], select General Settings, and press [Enter].

#### General Settings parameters: 1) Active Methods

- Used during multi-parameter (MP) analysis only. Multi-parameter users only monitoring one method at a time should press [Enter} and select analysis method (Cu', Cu'').
- 2) Language
  - English
- 3) Time and Date
  - a) Year: (2###) Set current year
  - b) Month: (1-12)
  - c) Day: (1-31)
  - d) Hour: (0-23)
  - e) Minutes: (0-60)
  - f) Date Format: (D/M/Y or M/D/Y)
- 4) Display ADJ.
  - Display contrast adjustment. Use Up/Down arrows to change contrast.
  - Backlight (On/OFF)
- 5) Animation Not available in 7045 version.
- 6) **Printer** Serial port (ordered separately).
- 7) **Hard. Settings** Waltron LLC use only.
- 8) Download Firmware:
  - New firmware versions can be downloaded using serial port located inside electronics.



#### 6.1 <u>Pre-Startup Checklist:</u>

- ✓ Connect calibration tube to calibration bottle.
- ✓ Connect sample tube to constant head unit. Turn on sample flow between 100-200 ml/min..
- ✓ Connect waste tube to contaminated waste drain.
- ✓ Connect deionized water tube to full bottle of deionized water.
- ✓ Fill reagent containers and insert reagent tubes into their respective reagent containers.
- ✓ Supply power to  $\mu$ AI 7045 Copper Analyzer.

#### 6.2 Startup Checklist

- ✓ Perform Reagent Prime (3-5 min). (Section 5.10)
- ✓ Perform Wash Cycle (3-5 min). (Section 5.8)
- ✓ Setup Parameter Settings. (Section 5.15)
  - i) Select the Active Method for operation.

Note: Multi-Parameter users must set each parameter or stream individually.

- ii) Set Full Scale range to accommodate working sample concentration and desired 4-20mA current output range.
- iii) Set the High limit alarm setting.

#### 6.3 <u>Reagent Blank:</u>

 ✓ After completing a Reagent Prime and Wash Cycle, perform a Reagent Blank. (Section 5.7).

During this cycle, calibration is performed to determine the amount of background copper in the reagents and deionized water. The OD should be close to zero.

#### 6.4 Calibration:

- ✓ Setup Calibration Parameters: (Section 5.14)
  - i) Select active method
  - ii) Enter the calibration standard concentration. Keep in mind that the standard supplied by Waltron LLC may not fit the needs of the user. A solution standard can be purchased from Waltron so that a custom standard can be prepared.
    - iii) Set Calibration OD. Calibration OD number should change linearly with the change in calibrant concentration.
- ✓ Perform calibration (*Section 5.6*)

Note: Multi-Parameter users must calibrate each stream. MP command calibrates each stream automatically.

Multi-stream users working in the same sample range can set the parameters of each stream by manually copying the Calibration OD and Blank OD values.



## 6 Startup

#### 6.5 Dilution Factor Calculation:

The analyzers auto-dilution feature automatically recognizes exceedingly high concentration levels and performs a dilution process by adding deionized water to the sample.

Dilution Factor calculation should only be performed when value of dilution factor is in serious doubt, or if overall system volume is changed.

- ✓ In Parameter Settings, enter 1 as the dilution factor value. (Section 5.15)
- Prepare calibration standard that has a value (D) in desired dilution range. Disconnect Stube (sample) and place it in standard solution.
- ✓ Make sure deionized water bottle is full and connected to H-tube.
- ✓ Start a Dilution cycle. (*Section 5.9*)
- Record the measured concentration reading (M).
- ✓ Use formula to calculate Dilution Factor:
  - Dilution Factor equals the dilution standard divided by the measured value.
     D.F. = (D)/(M) (Typical range 9-13)
- ✓ Store new Dilution Factor in Parameter Settings page (Section 5.15)

New Dilution Factor value will be used to calculate the actual concentration during a dilution cycle. Dilution can be initiated manually or automatically once monitor reads value set above Full Scale value.

#### 6.6 Normal Analyzer Operation

Analyzer is ready to start monitoring once all calibration cycles have been completed. To start normal analyzer operation:

- ✓ Select Active Methods in General Settings page. (Section 5.17)
- ✓ Setup Sampling Frequency and Calibration Frequency.
- ✓ Start Monitor. The analyzer will now begin monitoring continuously. Automatic calibrations will be performed as programmed. If an error occurs, analyzer will alarm and go into Standby.



#### 7.1 Servicing Analyzer

Servicing and maintenance of analyzer depend on many factors including installation environment and sample conditions. Visual checks, monthly and bi-yearly maintenance procedures, internal rinsing, and proper shutdown procedures all promote longer product life.

#### 7.2 <u>Regular Visual Checks:</u>

The  $\mu$ AI 7045 Copper Analyzer should be visually inspected on a regular basis to ensure analyzer accuracy, precision, and efficiency.

- ✓ Check for leaks particularly around sample and drain tube connections.
- ✓ Confirm sample flow by checking sample delivery to the constant head unit and effluent entering drain tubing.
- Check liquid levels in reagent and standard solution containers.
- ✓ Inspect all tubing and liquid handling components for leaks or deterioration.
- Check instrument display for malfunctioning indications.

#### 7.3 Monthly

- ✓ Perform visual checks described above.
- ✓ Discard old reagent and standard solutions, clean containers thoroughly, and refill each container with fresh solution.
- ✓ Check condition of sample filter (if fitted), and replace if necessary. Make sure new filter is fitted correctly by following directional arrow located on the filter body.
- ✓ Perform wash, prime, blank, and calibration cycles. (Section 6)
- ✓ Put analyzer back into Monitoring mode.

## 7.4 <u>Bi-Yearly:</u>

Single pump tube must be changed every six months. Monthly tubing replacement is not necessary. Additional bi-yearly maintenance:

- ✓ Service pump. (Section 7.8)
- ✓ Perform all monthly calibrations detailed in *Section 7.3*.
- ✓ Clean internal pipe-work with rinse solution.

#### 7.5 <u>Rinsing Internal Piping:</u>

Internal piping should be cleaned every six months depending on calibration and sampling intervals. Waltron can supply and ship cleaning solution with reagents. *The cleaning solution contains sodium hydroxide, which is extremely caustic and must be handled with care. Always wear gloves and eye protection!* 

- Place all reagent tubes, sample tube and deionized water tube into the cleaning solution.
- ✓ Put analyzer into a Wash cycle followed by three Reagent Prime cycles.

#### 7.6 Consumable Spares Kit:

Waltron Part Number:**W9040-100**The  $\mu$ AI7045 Copper Analyzer comes suppliedwith a consumable spare parts kit.This kitincludes all annual replacement components.Replacement details are given in spare parts kit.

#### 7.7 <u>Shut-Down Procedure</u>

The analyzer can be left on without sample flow. Analyzer will automatically stop sampling once it senses missing sample. Reagent lines need to be cleaned and flushed if the analyzer will be out of service for more than a month. See *Section* 7.5 for rinsing internal pipe-work.



#### 7.8 <u>Changing Pump Tube:</u>

- 1. Turn analyzer on and perform a wash cycle to flush out system.
- 2. Turn analyzer off.
- 3. Open analytical compartment. Unscrew the four knurled head screws holding the pump head in place. Take out pump, open it up and remove silicon pump tubing.
- 4. Install new tubing using the same high density inner diameter nipple. Connect the tube from the lower side of the pump to the S/L valve, and the tube from the upper side to the bottom nipple of the cylinder 1.

#### Attention: If the tube is not properly installed, severe system malfunction will occur!

6. Separate pump halves. Hold the pump head as shown, with rollers in 2, 6, and 10 o'clock positions.



7. Place tubing in the outer port against the two rollers; use thumb to hold tubing in place. Insert tubing key on back of the rotor shaft and push in as far as possible. Tubing is now correctly positioned in the cavity.





8. With tubing key pressed firmly against the rotor, turn counter clockwise while pushing down, until tubing surrounds the rotor.

9. Tubing is now in place. Remove tubing key, position other pump half onto the motor shaft and snap shut. Be careful not to pinch tubing between plastic pump halves.

- 10. Remount pump head and move the roller block until shaft aligns with motor drive.
- 11. Attach pump using screws.
- 12. Turn analyzer on.
- 13. Perform a wash cycle to verify that liquid flows in through inlet and out through waste outlet. If problems occur turn the analyzer off immediately and switch the pump tube connections. Restart and repeat the wash to see if problem is fixed.
- 14. If analyzer is still not working correctly, check for proper connections correct pump mounting. Check tubing connections for leakage and repeat the pump tube change procedure.

#### 7.9 <u>Unscheduled Servicing:</u>

**Monitor Diagnostic Information:** The analyzer's diagnostics provide useful problem solving and servicing information. In order to view detail of problems resulting in an Error Alarm, see Main Display Diagnostic Information. Mechanical components involved in liquid handling (pumps, valves, tubing and tubing connections) need to be checked to ensure correct operation.



#### **TROUBLESHOOTING – TABLE 1**

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	<b>CORRECTIVE ACTION</b>
POOR OR NO REAGENT INJECTION	POOR VACUUM PRODUCTION. LESS THAN 1 CM HEIGHT CHANGE IN LIQUID TRANSFER BETWEEN C2 AND C1	<ul> <li>CHECK SOLENIOD VALVE 6</li> <li>CHECK VOLTAGE BELOW 11 VDC</li> <li>CHANGE PUMP TUBE</li> </ul>
	OBSTRUCTION IN REAGENT LINE DUE TO PRECIPITATES IN REAGENT CONTAINER	REMOVE TUBING FROM REAGENT BOTTLE, PUT THE TUBING IN WATER OR CLEANING SOLUTION AND PERFORM 3 PRIME CYCLES.
	BLOCKAGE IN PUMP TUBE DUE TO LONG PERIOD OF INACTIVITY	REMOVE THE PUMP TUBE AND CLEAN MANUALLY.
	PINCHED REAGENT TUBE	CHECK TO MAKE SURE REAGENT TUBING IS NOT PINCHED.
	REAGENT VALVE NOT ACTIVATED.	CHECK ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS. RUN SOLENOID TEST CYCLE TO CHECK VALVE STATUS.
	REAGENT VALVE ACTIVATED BUT NOT OPENING.	INSTALL NEW VALVE.
MISSING SAMPLE IS DISPLAYED.	MINIMAL OR NO SAMPLE IS SUPPLIED TO THE ANALYZER	TURN ON SAMPLE FLOW (150-200 ML/MIN).
	CONSTANT HEAD FLOAT IS STUCK IN DOWN POSITION.	REMOVE FLOAT FROM CONSTANT HEAD AND CLEAN.
AIR IN CELL IS DISPLAYED.	MINIMAL OR NO SAMPLE IS SUPPLIED TO THE ANALYZER	TURN ON SAMPLE FLOW (150-200 ML/MIN).
	DI WATER BOTTLE IS EMPTY	REFILL BOTTLE WITH DI WATER AND PERFORM WASH CYCLE.
	EMPTY REAGENT BOTTLE(S) OR CALIBRATION BOTTLE.	REFILL WITH REAGENT(S) OR STANDARD AND PERFORM PRIME CYCLE.
CALIBRATION ERROR IS DISPLAYED.	LAST CAL OD VALUE DIFFERS BY GREATER THAN 15% FROM LAST SUCCESSFUL CAL OD VALUE.	GO TO CALIBRATION PARAMETERS PAGE TO VIEW LAST CAL OD. IF VALUE IS CLOSE TO CALIBRANT OD, HIT "ENTER" TO UPDATE THE VALUE.
	CALIBRATION FAILED DUE TO BAD CAL OD VALUE.	CALIBRATION STANDARD IS CONTAMINATED AND/OR NO REAGENT IS INJECTED INTO THE SYSTEM.
CONCENTRATION READINGS ARE NOT CONSISTENT WITH GRAB SAMPLE ANALYSIS	BAD CALBIRATION. CHECK STORED OD CALIBRATION VALUE TO MAKE SURE IN THE CORRECT RANGE.	PERFORM WASH, REAGENT BLANK, AND CALIBRATION CYCLE.



# 7 Maintenance

#### **TROUBLESHOOTING - TABLE 2**

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	<b>CORRECTIVE ACTION</b>
CONCENTRATION VALUES AFTER DILUITION CLOSE TO ZERO.	DILUTION VALVE TUBING IS BLOCKED.	CLEAN OR CHANGE TUBE.
	DILUTION VALVE NOT ACTIVATED.	CHECK V11 (DILUTION VALVES) BY ACTIVATING SOLENOID TEST CYCLE.
LEAKAGE IN A LFR CONNECTION DUE TO OVER- PRESSURIZING.	VOLTAGE SUPPLY OVER 13 VDC.	CHECK EXTERNAL POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE.
	WASTE TUBE IS PINCHED.	CHECK TUBE.
	VALVE 5 OR 7 NOT ACTIVATED.	CHECK VALVE(S) BY ACTIVATING SOLENOID TEST CYCLE.
	VALVE 5 OR 7 OBSTRUCTED.	REMOVE VALVE(S), DISASSEMBLE THE VALVE BODY. CLEAN MEMBRANE AND OTHER ORIFICES
	Vs/L VALVE NOT ACTIVATED.	CHECK VALVE BY ACTIVATING SOLENOID TEST CYCLE.
NO SAMPLE PEAK (INTERNAL CALIBRANT OK)	VALVE 8 NOT ACTIVATED.	CHECK VALVE BY ACTIVATING SOLENOID TEST CYCLE.
NON-REPRODUCIBLE	VALVE 6 NOT CLOSING	CHECK VALVE DC VOLTAGE. MAKE
CALIBRATION VALUE	PROPERLY.	SURE II IS BELOW 11.5 VOLTS.
	REAGENT SOLENOID VALVES	CHECK VALVE BY ACTIVATING
	REAGENT(S) NOT INJECTED PROPERLY.	REFER TO REAGENT MANTAINANCE



#### **TROUBLESHOOTING - TABLE 3**

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
PUMP MOTOR DOES NOT TURN	WIRES LEADING TO PUMP ARE	ENSURE THAT WIRES ARE
UNIT RUNS IN DILUTION MODE	SAMPLE CONCENTRATION IS ABOVE "FULL SCALE" CONCENTRATION SET BY USER UNDER "PARAMETER SETTING"	ADJUST "FULL SCALE" CONCENTRATION TO A VALUE WHICH IS HIGHER THAN THE VALUE BEING SAMPLED
	INSUFFICIENT SAMPLE FLOW AFTER ANALYSIS HAS BEGUN	ENSURE THAT THERE IS A STEADY STREAM OF SAMPLE FLOW. USUALLY BETWEEN 150 – 200ML
UNIT READS ZERO ALL THE TIME	NEGATIVES SAMPLE VALUES ARE BEING RECORDED. * For blue display only	REPLACE REAGENTS ENSURE THAT ALL REAGENTS ARE BEING INJECTED PROPERLY
	BAD CALIBRATION O.D	ENSURE THAT CALIBRATION O.D DOES NOT DIFFER BY MORE THAN 30% OF CALIBRATION O.D ON TEST SHEET PROVIDED WITH ANALYZER
	REAGENT BLANK VALUE IS TOO HIGH	ENSURE THAT REAGENT BLANK VALUES ARE VERY CLOSE TO VALUES ON TEST SHEET PROVIDED WITH ANALYZER
UNIT READS THE SAME VALUE ALL THE TIME	SAMPLE FLOW IS INSUFFICIENT	ENSURE THAT FLOW SWITCH IS WORKING CORRECTLY. FOR STREAM 1 LED D9 ON RFIO BOARD SHOULD BE LIT WHEN THERE IS NO SAMPLE (LED D10 FOR STREAM 2)
		ENSURE THAT THERE IS ENOUGH SAMPLE FLOW. USUALLY BETWEEN 150 – 200ML.
LEAKAGE ALARM DISPLAYED EVEN AFTER SAMPLE SPILL IS CLEANED UP	LEAKAGE SENSOR STILL CONTAINS MOISTURE ON ITS TIP	ENSURE THAT TIP OF LEAKAGE SENSOR IS DRIED COMPLETELY
NO 4-20 MA OUTPUT	LOOSE CONNECTION MADE BY SCREWS ON CURRENT OUTPUT TERMINAL (P8 ON RFIO BOARD)	TIGHTEN SCREWS ON CURRENT OUTPUT TERMINAL ALL THE WAY DOWN
		REPLACE CHIPS U1 (for stream 1) OR U2 (for stream 2)
CURRENT READINGS ARE MISMATCHED BETWEEN ANALYZER AND REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM	"FULL SCALE" CONCENTRATION IS INAPPROPRIATELY SET UNDER "PARAMETER SETTING"	VERIFY "FULL SCALE" CONCENTRATION AND MEASURE OUTPUT DIRECTLY FROM TERMINALS ON UNIT. ENSURE THAT THEY ARE CONSISTENT WITH CONCENTRATION ON DISPLAY OF THE ANALYZER



#### TROUBLESHOOTING - TABLE 3 - CONT'D

ABNORMALLY HIGH USE OF DI	UNIT IS RUNNING IN DILUTION	ENSURE THAT SAMPLE
WATER	MODE	CONCENTRATION IS NOT EXCEEDING
WATER	MODE	THE VALUE SET DV THE LISED LINDED
		THE VALUE SET DI THE USER UNDER
		"FULL SCALE" IN "PARAMETER
		SETTING"
	CALIBRATION CYCLE IS BEING	ADJUST CALIBRATION FREQUENCY
	RUN TOO FREQUENTLY	SETTINGS UNDER "START MONITOR"
	VALVE VC4 IS NOT ENERGIZED	DO A SOLENOID TEST AND ENSURE
	DURING ANALYSIS	THAT THE VALVE IS ACTUATING
UNUSUALLY HIGH LEVEL OF	TUBING MAY BE PUNCTURED	THOROUGHLY INSPECT ALL TUBING
BUBBLES NOTICED IN TUBING		AND ENSURE THAT THERE ARE NO
DURING CYCLES		CRACKS OR PUNCTURES
		DO A SOLENOID TEST AND ENSURE
		THAT ALL VALVES ARE ENERGIZING
	LOOSE TUBING CONNECTION	ENSURE THAT TUBES ARE PROPERLY
		SEATED ON NOZZLES OF VALVES
	INSUFFICIENT SAMPLE FLOW	ENSURE THAT THERE IS A STEADY
	AFTER ANALYSIS HAS BEGUN	STREAM OF SAMPLE FLOW.
		USUALLY BETWEEN 150 – 200ML



# 8 Specifications

General description	Data	
Sensor classification	Colorimetric dual beam with copper detector.	
Application	Demineralised, boiler, potable, surface, and waste water	
General specifications	Data	
Power requirements	12 Vcc	
Power Supply	110-120V or 220-240V, 50/60 Hz, 100 VA	
Humidity	Up to 90% not condensable	
Ambient Temperature range	$10 - 40^{\circ}$ C analyzer (50-104°F)	
Unit dimensions	800 mm x 420 mm x 275 mm or (31.5" x 16.54" x 10.83") (h x w x d)	
Atmospheric pressure range	No limits	
Effect of electromagnetic fields	EMC tested according CE compliance	
Tolerance to electrostatic discharges	EMC tested according CE compliance	
PC specification – O/S	PC 104 industrial standard under MS-DOS O.S.	
Positioning and installation details	Wall mounted analyser. To be installed approximately 100 cm from ground. Maximum distance from sampling point is 4 m.	
LFA reactor volume	10 ml	
Materials in contact with sample	Glass. Silicone, Plexiglas, stainless steel AISI 316	
CE compliance	YES	
Year 2000 compliance	YES	
General hazards	Only chemical, for details see specific chemistries	
Sample conditioning requirements	Filter particles between 10 and 60 microns depending on the matrix.	
Sample delivery oper. ranges	Data	
Temperature range	5° - 55 ° C (41-131° F)	
Flow	Min: 5ml/min (5cc/min)	
Turbidity	Not applicable; sample blank correction	
Colour	Not applicable; sample blank correction	
pH	3 - 12	
Signal outputs	Data	
4 – 20 mA – Voltage 0 – 5	4 – 20 mA or 0-5 V (Galvanic isolator module also available.)	
Printer options	Optional, serial output RS232 or 485	
Radio or modem links	Available as option	
Grounding details	Not applicable, 12 Vcc power device	
Serial I/O for signals	Serial data output RS232 or 485 available as option	
Commissioning	Data	
Manufactures' set-up details / pre- installation guide	Setup details supplied on order confirmation to allow preparing of installation site, also included in operating manual delivered with the analyser.	
Factory final test certification	Delivered with the analyzer	
Description of sensor technology	Available, enclosed with the operating manual	
Operating sequence	Available, enclosed with the operating manual	
Calibration method	Available, enclosed with the operating manual	
Operational calibration	Data	
Frequency / intervals	Recommended: 7 days	
Single / multi point	Multipoint: 0 and range maximum	
Matrix corrections	Yes, sample blank correction	
Manual / automatic	Both	



# 9 Spare Part Listing

	Spare Part	Description
	W9040-001	Tubing, Tygon, 0.040 ID
	W9040-002	Tubing, Silicone, 0.045 X 0.035, (CS)
	W9040-003	Tubing, Teflon, 1 X 1.5MM. Reagents
	W9040-004	Tubing, Silicone, 2 X 4 MM. (CS)
Spare Parts may be ordered by contacting	W9040-005	Reaction Cylinder Block
Waltron LLC at:	W9040-006	Pump Motor
1_800_2/2_7353	W9040-007	Pump Head
1-000-242-7555	W9040-008	Silicon Pump Tube,
	W9040-009	Reagent Injection Valve
	W9040-010	2 Way Valve, (N.O.)
Sugar Danta may also be endered from Waltree	W9040-011	3 Way Valve
Spare Paris may also be ordered from wallron	W9040-012	2 Way Valve, (N.C.)
LLC website at www.waitron.net or	W9040-013	Flow Cell, 50MM
<u>www.waltron.org</u>	W9040-014	Flow Cell, 15MM
	W9040-015	Flow Cell, 5MM
	W9040-017	Emitter, 600NM
	W9040-018	Emitter, 630NM
	W9040-019	Emitter, 660NM
	W9040-020	Emitter, 880NM
	W9040-025	Filter, Interference
	W9040-026	Colorimeter
	W9040-027	Flowcell, Holder
	W9040-028	Flowcell, Heating Block
	W9040-029	Pump Assembly
	W9040-030	Keyboard, Interface Board
	W9040-031	I/O Board, PC 104
	W9040-032	CPU Board, PC 104 386
	W9040-033	Driver Board
	W9040-034	Peltier, Cooler Temperature Control
	W9040-035	Keyboard, Display Adapter Board
	W9040-036	Valve, Booster Board
	W9040-037	Sample or Reference Sensor
	W9040-038	Sample or Presence Sensor
	W9040-039	Reagent, Straw (CS)
	W9040-100	Consumables Kit, W9040
	W1234-070	Copper Reagent #1, Reducing Reagent 1L
	W1234-072	Copper Reagent #2, Buffer Reagent 1L
	W1234-071	Copper Reagent #3, Color Reagent 1L
	W1234-556	9040 Series Washing Solution 1L
	W1234-077	Copper Standard, 50 ppb, 1L